

Special Practice (2) – 2020

Class : VII

Subject : Bangladesh and Global Studies **(MCQ)**

Time : 75 minutes

Total marks : 50

**MCQ**

1. Who teach language to their child?

- (a) Father (b) Mother (c) Grand Father (d) Sibling

2. What does changing family mean?

- (a) Change of nature of family pattern  
(b) Change of tradition of family  
(c) Change of power of family  
(d) Change of responsibility of family

3. Which is the first place for the growth of a child?

- (a) Family (b) Religious institution  
(c) Academic institution (d) Play mates

Read the following stem and answer the question no 4 and 5

Usually children of the family are being taught about subject "A". But with the changing time, this learning has been weakened which also has effected the socialization of children. Therefore, in the recent time children are receiving this learning through cassette, video which cannot create real values in their mind

4. The indicated subject helps children to become -

- (a) Education (b) Religion (c) Ideology (d) Values

5. That indicated subject helps children to become –

- i. Humanitarian ii. Ethical iii. Disciplined

Which one of the following is correct?

- (a) i , ii (b) ii,iii (c) i,iii (d) i,ii and iii

6. Why the urban family's size is small?

- (a) Due to profession (b) Due to individual demand  
(c) Due to housing problem (d) Due to change of academic system

7. Human race has been evolved from where?

- (a) Society (b) Family (c) State (d) Academic institution

8. What is needed for proper socialization of children?  
 (a) Good natural environment (b) To fulfill economic demand  
 (c) Good Family environment (d) Family chaos
9. Which creates barrier to proper socialization of children?  
 (a) Relations among siblings (b) Helping mentality  
 (c) Too much affection of mother (d) Social values
10. Which is the important learning place for children?  
 (a) School (b) Society (c) Religion institution (d) Family
11. Family chaos brings the following attitudes in the children's behavior-  
 i. Discipline ii. Loneliness iii. Self-centeredness  
 Which one of the following is correct?  
 (a) i , ii (b) ii,iii (c) i,iii (d) i,ii and iii
12. How many reserved seats are there for women in Bangladeshi parliament?  
 (a) 30 (b) 40 (c) 50 (d) 60
13. Election is important because –  
 i. Everybody cannot rule the country  
 ii. It is possible to select the suitable representative  
 iii. It is a democratic process  
 Which one of the following is correct?  
 (a) i , ii (b) ii,iii (c) i,iii (d) i,ii and iii
14. What is called the chief of city-corporation?  
 (a) Councillor (b) Chairman (c) Mayor (d) Secretary
15. How many reserved seats are there for female member in Zilla Parishad?  
 (a) 1 (b) 3 (c) 5 (d) 9
16. Which of the following district is included in hilly districts?  
 (a) Chittagong (b) Mymensingh  
 (c) Rangamati (d) Cox's Bazar

Read the following stem and answer the following question no 17 and 18  
 Mr. "A" is one of our local government's elected representative. Including him there are 13 members in the local government.

17. Mr. "A" has been elected in which election?  
(a) Union Parishad (b) Municipal Corporation  
(c) Zilla Parishad (d) Upazilla Parishad
18. The characteristics of the local government is -  
i. There is one Chairman  
ii. There are two Vice-chairman  
iii. Three reserved female members  
Which one of the following is correct?  
(a) i , ii (b) ii,iii (c) i,iii (d) i,ii and iii
19. How many elections are there held at the national level in Bangladesh?  
(a) One (b) Two (c) Three (d) Four
20. How many Municipal Corporations are there in our country at present?  
(a) 265 (b) 327 (c) 492 (d) 4554
21. What type of right is casting vote of a citizen?  
(a) Social (b) Family (c) Political (d) Economic
22. In the Jatiya Shangshad election, the whole country is divided into how many election areas?  
(a) 50 (b) 250 (c) 300 (d) 350
23. What would be the minimum age to be a candidate as upazilla chairman?  
(a) 18 years (b) 25 years (c) 30 years (d) 35 years
24. The President of Bangladesh is elected for how many years?  
(a) 3 years (b) 4 years (c) 5 years (d) 10 years
25. What type of rights are women rights?  
(a) Human right (b) Basic right  
(b) Economic right (d) Political right
26. When did the United Nations approve the "Charter of human rights"?  
(a) 1945 (b) 1947 (c) 1948 (d) 1952
27. Right to medical facility in regard to emotional health – is what type of right of senior citizen?  
(a) Right to freedom (b) Right to development  
(b) Right to care (d) Right to participate

Read the following stem and answer to the question no 28 and 29

Organization named “A” is situated at Sher E Bangla Nagar in Dhaka.

This organization which runs their activities under the direction of private administration.

28. What type of organization is organization “A”?

(a) Probin Hitoishi Songho O Jora Biggyan Organization

(b) Bangladesh Retired Government Employees Welfare Organization

(c) Jhora Pata

(d) Rotary Club

29. The organization mentioned in the stem includes the following activities –

i. Medical treatment

ii. Rehabilitation facilities

iii. Observance of religious festivals

Which one of the following is correct?

(a) i , ii

(b) ii,iii

(c) i,iii

(d) i,ii and iii

30. Why do the girls not get chance to receive education despite being good student?

(a) Not having interest in education

(b) For getting married in early age

(c) Poverty

(d) Less amount of school

## **Creative Question**

1. A child, from his early hood to adulthood receives education through a learning process. Through this process the child can adjust with everybody. As a result, the child achieves the ability to create good relation with other people. But the child's family, relative, neighbor, school play important role to learn things through this process.

- (a) What is called nuclear family? (1)
- (b) What does changing family mean? (2)
- (c) Which process is mentioned in the stem. Explain. (3)
- (d) Explain the role of family in that process. (4)

2. Mr. "A" has elected as national level leader for five years through a constitutional process. The parliament where he has been elected as member. There are also more 300 elected members including him who are elected through direct voting. In the modern state the base of democracy is very strong because of electing the national representatives through this constitutional process.

- (a) What is called constituency? (1)
- (b) What does referendum mean? (2)
- (c) Which national level election is indicated through the election of Mr. "A" mentioned in the stem? Explain. (3)
- (d) Explain the necessity of the mentioned constitutional process in the present democratic state. (4)