

Special Test; Class: Six
Subject: Buddhist Religion and Moral Education

Time: 1 hour 15 minutes

Full marks: 50

1. Identify the correct answer and write on your answer script:

1×30=30

1. What is the other name of Siddhartha?
a) Gautama b) Channa c) Bimbisara d) Devadatta
2. What were the subjects that Siddhartha learnt?
a) riding horse b) driving chariot c) sword fighting d) All of these
3. Who hurt the bird in sportive mode?
a) Siddhartha b) Rahul c) Devadatta d) Priest
4. Why did the king Bimbisara celebrate the offering ceremony?
a) in the hope of getting a son b) to bring the baby goat to the palace
c) to spread the kingdom d) to wish welfare of the kingdom
5. By whom the sound of the priests recitation was suppressed?
a) the crying of the goat b) the crying of the cow c) the crying of the deer d) the crying of the horse
6. Who came to see the helpless mother as disguise of a Brahmin?
a) Indra b) Bishnu c) Shiva d) Durga
7. What is the first sila of the Pancasila?
a) abstain from killing living creatures b) abstain from telling a lie c) abstain from theft
d) abstain from taking drugs
8. What is the meaning of Pali word 'Metta'?
a) benevolence b) jealousy c) envy d) anger
9. Who is known as the Enlightened Man?
a) Buddha b) Sraman c) Devadatta d) Priest
10. The impact of prayer is unlimited on human life, because with this-
i) Affection increases
ii) Mind becomes pure
iii) Merit is acquired
Which one is correct?
a) i and ii b) i and iii c) ii and iii d) i, ii and iii
11. What is the meaning of the word Buddha?
a) wise b) profoundly learned c) worldly knowledge d) common sense
12. Which prayers strengthen mutual relationship, sympathy, friendship and increases adoration?
a) group prayer b) single prayer c) silent prayer d) none of these
13. What should we do after the recitation of each verse?
a) by touching forehead on the ground b) by touching hands on the ground
c) by touching nose on the ground d) none of these
14. How many great teeth give the taste of Nirvana?
a) three b) four c) five d) six
15. What is the name of the seat where Buddha attained Enlightenment?
a) Bodhi Palanka b) Animesh Place c) Ratna Ghara d) all of these
16. Where did the Animesha place situate?
a) northern corner b) eastern corner c) north-eastern corner d) southern corner
17. How many places Buddha performed meditation?
a) four b) five c) six d) seven

18. Who protected Buddha from mosquitoes, flies, storm, rain etc.?

a) Nagaraja b) Agni c) Bayu d) Water

19. What should be clear?

a) recitation b) writing c) description d) none of these

20. What is the meaning of the word Sila?

a) behaviour b) misbehaviour c) donation d) prayer

Read the passage below and answer the question nos. 21 and 22

Rohini often takes pen, pencil or exercise books from the bags of her friends without seeking their permission.

She never feels sorry for it.

21. Which principle of Pancasila is violated by Rohini?

a) telling lie b) theft c) adultery d) taking drugs

22. Changing that behaviour Rohini can get merits to be-

i) inspired to lead life free from greed

ii) calm and controlled

iii) polite and gentle

Which of the following answer is right?

a) i b) ii c) i and ii d) ii and iii

23. What reduces the ability of reasoning, conscience and intelligence?

a) taking drugs b) doing harmful activities c) doing theft d) playing football

24. What is the safe guard?

a) sila b) dana c) prayer d) none of these

25. Which one is daily observable sila?

a) Pancasila b) Austasila c) Dasasila d) Arthasila

26. Which is the good action in Buddhism?

a) Maitri b) Sila c) Charity d) Meditation

27. What do you mean by charity?

a) Dana b) Sila c) Vandana d) none of these

28. What should be selfless and unconditional?

a) charity b) sila c) vandana d) None of these

29. What are the names of the donors?

a) Danadasa b) Danasahaya c) Danapati d) all of these

30. How the king Vessantara fulfilled the Dana Parami?

a) by donating kingdom b) by donating himself c) by donating wife d) all of these

2. Read the following stems and answer the following questions:

10×2=20

1. While going to street Sunil Babu saw a boy hurt by a car. Seeing this he could not spend any time. He brought the boy to the hospital for treatment. After that he handed over the boy to his mother. Mother and child both are happy and Sunil Babu also satisfied to see their happiness.

- a) What did Siddhartha see on the fourth day of his city –tour? 1
- b) Why should we practise compassion for all the living beings? 2
- c) What virtue of Siddhartha has been reflected in the behaviour of Sunil Babu? Explain. 3
- d) What may be driven away from the mind of Sunil Babu because of that virtue? Analyze it in the context of your text book. 4

2. Ananto is a student of class six. He wakes up early in the morning and collects flowers from their garden. He offers respect to Lord Buddha placing these flowers in front of the picture of Buddha. In the evening he worships Buddha with candle and incense. Then he enclosing two hands the verses of the prayer are recited with deep concentration. After that he has to submit with devotion by touching forehead on the ground every time after the recitation of each verse. All are pleased with his behaviour.

- a) Where is the Animesha place? 1
- b) Why should we pay respect towards elders? Explain. 2
- c) How can you describe the behaviour of Ananto according to the Buddhist term? Explain it. 3
- d) What results will Ananto enjoy for that behaviour in the present world and the life after death? Analyze it in the context of your text book. 4